



VERMONT CHAPTER  
PO Box 64902  
Burlington VT 05406



# Green Mountain Specifier

September 2002

## ***THIS MONTH:***

### **SEPTEMBER PROGRAM**

#### **BUILDING CODES 2002**

Interpretations & Issues of Enforcement

#### **SPEAKER**

Robert Howe, State Fire Marshal  
*VT Dept. of Labor & Industry*

#### **TIME/DATE**

Thursday, September 12, 2002  
11:30am-2:00pm

#### **LOCATION**

The Burlington Sheraton

#### **SUMMARY**

Led by Labor & Industry representative and State Fire Marshal, Bob Howe, this program is on interpretations of HCP / Accessibility Codes, issues of Code Enforcement and an update on code changes, like positive pressure, this year.

#### **COSTS**

CSI members:	\$25
Non-members:	\$35
Students	\$10
New CSI members:	Free

#### **RSVP**

By no later than Monday, September 9<sup>th</sup> to Jonathan Miller, (802) 865-4579  
[campsi@earthlink.net](mailto:campsi@earthlink.net)  
Questions? Contact Jonathan at 865-4579 or via e-mail.

#### **NORTHEAST REGION CONFERENCE 2002**

*"Urban Revitalization"*

September 19-22, 2002  
at The Westin Providence in Providence, Rhode Island

This year's region conference will be hosted by the Rhode Island Chapter CSI. The Vermont Chapter will also be partially subsidizing the registration cost for chapter members – ask Jonathan for further details.

## **September 12<sup>th</sup> Program**

### **Building Codes Review**

This month's program is a review of the HCP / Accessibility Codes – interpretations, recent changes, additions and updates. This is more or less an annual program topic for the chapter, and continually proves useful – as always, the discussion is open to whatever issues attendees want or need to bring up, so bring your questions and ask the expert representative and head of Labor & Industry, Bob Howe. As always, this program offers two hours of AIA/CES Health Safety Welfare credit for registered architects. We hope to see many of you there and then !

## **NER Institute Director Steps Down**

James Wentworth, CSI, CCCA, Institute Director for the North East Region for the past year, has resigned the position effective immediately, citing increasing family and work concerns. Over the past few months he has faced increasing pressure from all fronts, and felt unable to serve CSI in the capacity he thought it deserved. Therefore he has decided to step down so that the Region may name a successor at the NER Conference, Sept. 19-22. I met James at the Region Conference we co-hosted last fall at Basin Harbor, and it was clear that he is very much dedicated to CSI and upholding its principles – it must have been a difficult decision to arrive at. We wish him all the best, and hope to see him at regional CSI events again in the future.

## **WE WANT YOU ...**

...to make a contribution to the Green Mountain Specifier – ideas, articles, letters, advertising or other relevant material (if you're polite, maybe we'll even take irrelevant material). Contact:

Chris Eling, CSI, CDT, Editor  
[chris@pmarch.com](mailto:chris@pmarch.com)  
Peter Morris Architect  
8 Roundtree Way  
Vergennes VT 05491  
phone: (802) 877-3830  
fax: (802) 877-3972

## **NorthEast Region Conference**



**Hosted by the Rhode Island  
Chapter, Sept. 19-22  
At the Westin Providence**

Please see Jonathan Miller if you wish to take advantage of the Vermont Chapter's partial underwriting of the registration fees for members. Industry members may also want to check out booth opportunities at the Renaissance Faire Exhibition. Contact VT Region Director, Jonathan Miller, and/or give Conference Co-Chairman Mark Weiner, CSI a call at (781) 933-0027 x104 or e-mail [mark.t.weiner@sherwin.com](mailto:mark.t.weiner@sherwin.com)

And visit the recently renovated and expanded [www.neregioncsi.org](http://www.neregioncsi.org) for information on the conference, the region, and more...

## **LAST MONTH:**

### **AUGUST PROGRAM**

#### **DIVISION 1 SPECIFICATIONS** **WORKSHOP**

General Requirements

#### **WORKSHOP LEADER**

Adam F. Bortz, CSI, CCS, SCIP  
*Adam F. Bortz Specifications.*

#### **DATE/LOCATION**

Thursday, August 15, 2002  
The Burlington Sheraton  
Shelburne Room

#### **SUMMARY**

Adam Bortz, CSI, CCS, SCIP led a workshop on coordinating and constructing the Division 1 - General Requirements or "Front End" of the specifications.

Adam also teaches the study courses for CSI certification on behalf of the chapter, and this session was an expansion on the Division 1 part of those courses.

While it thundered and poured outside, we read over different Division 1 section titles and descriptions, then went through the CSI Manual of Practice section on Division 1. Interspersed with all the reading were various tips and recommendations – for instance, many spec writers are not aware that in order for Division 1 to officially govern all the divisions (as it is designed to do), a paragraph stating as much must be added into the Supplementary Conditions of the Contract. We also got some more specific spec-writing guidelines; for example, it's often better to try to use the Division 1 section numbers more loosely. Unless the project you're specifying is quite large, Level 2 section numbers (i.e. 01600 or 01200) are often sufficient in Division 1, instead of going with the Level 3 numbers that the rest of the 16 Divisions often demand.

Thanks very much to Adam, for running this program and continuing to educate our membership on specifications and proper usage.

## **The President's Corner**

*By Peter D. Morris, CSI, CDT, RA*

### **Back to School**

As I write this, my wife and I have become "Empty Nesters". Both children are off to College. I don't know which bothers me more. Don't misunderstand, we are delighted by our children's' achievements and are gladly (OK, willingly) paying the tuition tabs. But this is a selfish note, a presidential perk, this monthly pulpit. Perhaps it is the combination of the financial drain and finally answering to the term of age. New found freedom and we can't afford to go. House arrest.

Help me out of my funk. Join now. Sponsor a member. Need help convincing your boss to support your membership? Contact Jonathan Miller at (802) 865-4579 or at [campsi@earthlink.net](mailto:campsi@earthlink.net). We have a deal for you.

### **September Board Meeting**

Our September Board meeting is over Lunch, 12 Noon to 1 PM, on Thursday, 5 September, at Gillian's Restaurant in Shelburne (at the entrance to the shopping center). Come join us to discuss future programs and other business.

### **September Program**

Mark your calendars: Thursday, 12 September, at the Burlington Sheraton on Williston Road, our annual program concerning code review with representatives from Vermont Dept. of Labor & Industry. We will have the head of Labor & Industry, VT State Fire Marshal Bob Howe, to share his expertise.

### **NERC Regional Conference**

Registration is closing out. Providence, Rhode Island has experienced a rebirth. The "Rowdy Rhodies" know how to make it fun. We will help to underwrite the registration fees.

### **ESSEX Industries**

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### **THIS SPACE FOR RENT**

Our VT chapter Newsletter is published monthly and distributed to over 200 local contractors, architects, product reps, engineers, and other CSI members.

Rates: for 10 issues, full-size ad (1.5"x3.8") \$80; half-size ad \$50

For more information contact The Editor.

## **NEXT MONTH:**

### **OCTOBER PROGRAM**

#### **MOLD & INDOOR AIR QUALITY**

##### **SPEAKERS**

Jeff Hood, CSC  
*Icynene Insulation Systems*

##### **DATE/TIME**

Thursday, October 17, 2002  
11:00am-2:00pm

##### **LOCATION**

The Burlington Radisson  
Battery Street, Burlington

##### **SUMMARY**

Mold mould mold is Gold ! With tabletops. This should be a good one. See our continuing series of mold articles by Jonathan Miller; This month, the second part in the series on p.4.

##### **COSTS**

CSI Members: \$25  
Non-Members: \$35  
New CSI VT Members: FREE

##### **RSVP**

By no later than Monday, October 14<sup>th</sup>  
to Jonathan Miller, (802) 865-4579  
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Questions? Contact Jonathan at  
865-4579 or via e-mail.

## **TechNotes**

### ***Abdicating Responsibility, Part I***

*by Sheldon Wolfe, RA, CSI, CCS, CCCA*

Architects across the country have their undies in a bundle, with good reason. Even the federal and state governments, who seem to resist any change regardless of merit or logic, are embracing design-build as a way to get their projects done. The traditional role of the design professional is at risk; owners have finally realized that they don't really need an architect. An owner might ask, "Why go through all the trouble of dealing with both an architect and a contractor, who will stand back and point fingers at each other when something goes wrong, when one can hire a single entity who is responsible for everything? If I can buy a multi-million dollar airplane, which is far more complex than a building, without the hassle of both design and construction contracts, why should I not do the same for my new building?"

At first glance, it might appear that all design professions could be in trouble, but that is not the case; architects are in a uniquely vulnerable position. You can't design structure without an engineer, you can't design site work without an engineer, and you can't design mechanical or electrical systems without an engineer - but you don't need an architect. I have seen many reports of architects being reprimanded for practicing engineering without a license, but I have never heard of an engineer being reprimanded for practicing architecture.

Design-build firms are often led by contractors, who employ design professionals only because states require their certification. Even without that requirement, engineers would be safe, as any contractor interested in self-preservation would still employ engineers to make sure their buildings wouldn't fall down. Architects, on the other hand, would find themselves in the unemployment lines. It doesn't take a rocket scientist to make sure that doors have at least 32 inches clear opening and that there are enough fire extinguishers to go around. But, because certification is required, we still need an architect on the team. But what is that architect's role? It may now be relegated to drawing and specifying what the contractor wants to build. That architect may have little or no interaction with the owner, other than selecting a few finishes and creating impressive perspectives to sell the job. The real design work may be done by someone who knows nothing about architecture, engineering, or construction, other than relative costs.

Certification of construction documents typically consists of the architect signing a statement that says "I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision..." or something to that effect. Question: When the architect is removed from primacy in the design process, does certifications of the drawings and specifications not become "plan stamping?"

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*[Editor's Note: We've included a lot of announcements and member-contributed articles in the GMS lately, and we haven't had space for the TechNotes article series. In an effort to catch up a little, this issue has three parts of the "Abdicating Responsibility" series. See the April and May 2002 issues of the GMS, available on our soon-to-be-up chapter website, for "Avoiding Responsibility" and "Assigning Responsibility"]*

## **CSI Vermont Chapter: FY2003 Officers**

**Mr. Peter D. Morris, CSI, CDT, RA**

**Chapter President**

Peter Morris Architect  
8 Roundtree Way  
Vergennes, VT 05491  
802-877-3830; 802-877-3972 Fax  
[pm@pmarch.com](mailto:pm@pmarch.com)

**Mr. John Gant, CSI**

**Chapter President-Elect**

HCI Craftsman  
30 Tigan Street, P.O. Box 37  
Winooski, VT 05404  
802-655-2621; 802-655-4267 Fax  
[jgant@pleasants.com](mailto:jgant@pleasants.com)

**Mr. Gene Pawlikowski, CSI**

**Chapter Secretary, Technical Chairman**

Trowel Trades Supply Inc.  
71 Troy Avenue  
Colchester, VT 05446  
802-264-1073; 802-655-5841 Fax  
[gpawlikowski@troweltradessupply.com](mailto:gpawlikowski@troweltradessupply.com)

**Mr. Robert H. Rand, CSI – Member Emeritus**

**Chapter Treasurer**

87 Cedar Street  
Brandon, VT 05733  
802-247-3729  
[bobhrand@aol.com](mailto:bobhrand@aol.com)

**Mr. Leo Carl Berliner, CSI, CDT**

**Chapter Vice President**

InterSpec LLC  
84 Grandville Drive  
Richmond, VT 05477  
802-434-8448  
[leoberliner@gmavt.net](mailto:leoberliner@gmavt.net)

**Mr. Steve Benjamin, CSI**

**Chapter Vice President**

P.O. Box 361  
Sunderland, MA 01375  
860-802-4527; 413-665-1351 fax  
[ACMACK@ATTBI.COM](mailto:ACMACK@ATTBI.COM)

**Mr. Jonathan M. Miller, CSI, CCS, CCCA, AIA**

**VT Region Director / Past-President**

**Program & Membership Chairs**

Jonathan M. Miller, Architect  
510 St. Paul Street  
Burlington, VT 05401  
802-865-4579  
[jmilleraia@earthlink.net](mailto:jmilleraia@earthlink.net)

**Ms. Victoria C. Rickert, CSI, CDT**

**Awards Chair**

Best Tile of Vermont  
P.O. Box 1641, 1346 Marshall Avenue  
Williston, VT 05495  
802-863-5800; 802-865-5025 Fax  
[vrickert@eastcoasttile.com](mailto:vrickert@eastcoasttile.com)

## **“Mold Issue, Part II...Mycotoxins”**

*by Jonathan M. Miller*

There is an apparent legal controversy over whether mold *mycotoxins* seriously affect people. This argument is based on a current definitive lack of comprehensive scientific studies on humans. However, there are well-documented *mycotoxin*-producing species found in indoor environments and include many species of *Aspergillus*, *Penicillium* and *Cladosporium*. Other toxic molds often found in indoor environments include *Alternaria*, *Trichoderma*, *Fusarium*, *Paecilomices*, *Stachybotrys*, *Chaetomium*, *Acremonium* and *Myrothecium*. *Metabolites* result from the mold growing on its food source and digesting or metabolizing what it is decomposing. Primary *metabolites* go towards growth and reproduction. As stated in last month's article, many molds compete by creating *secondary metabolites*, called *mycotoxins*, to slow or kill other molds. Although people are not specifically targeted, we are apparently getting caught in the crossfire.

*Mycotoxins* are nearly all *cytotoxic*, disrupting various cellular structures such as membranes, and interfering with vital cellular processes such as protein, RNA and DNA synthesis. On the plus side, there are medical patents and patents pending regarding a form of localized cancer treatment and also muscle control during heart operations using *mycotoxins*. For the cancer treatment a *mycotoxin* preparation of *trichothecenes* (pronounced “*tri-ko-thee-seens*”) is injected directly into the cancerous growth where it disrupts cell growth. *Trichothecenes* have been found to be toxic to all rapidly growing cells, which include cancer cells, by interfering with the regulation of protein synthesis during the early onset of T cell activation. *Aspergillus versicolor*, a commonly found indoor mold, produces many *mycotoxins*, two of which are *sterigmatocystin* and *cyclopiaxonic acid*, which are considered to be carcinogenic and to facilitate tumor growth. The Mayo Clinic has released a study that concludes that most if not all of *chronic sinusitis* is caused by molds.

*continued on next page*

## **CSI VT Chapter: More 2003 Officers**

**Mr. Adam F. Bortz, CSI, CCS, SCIP**

**Certification & Education Chairs, Academic Liaison**

P.O. Box 65117  
Burlington, VT 05406  
802-864-5953  
[adambortz@aol.com](mailto:adambortz@aol.com)

**Mr. Christopher M. Eling, CSI, CDT**

**Newsletter Editor/Electronic Comm. Chair**

Peter Morris Architect  
8 Roundtree Way  
Vergennes, VT 05491  
802-877-3830; 802-877-3972 Fax  
[chris@pmarch.com](mailto:chris@pmarch.com)

**Trichothecene mycotoxins** are a large family of fungal toxins that can produce nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, skin irritation, and internal bleeding. Historically, *Fusarium*, *Stachybotrys*, *Myrothecium*, *Trichoderma* and other *trichothecene*-producing molds have been known to cause severe health problems in humans and animals that have eaten contaminated food. In 1944, 30% of the people in a Soviet district near Siberia were affected by *alimentary toxic aleukia* (ATA), an often-fatal disease caused by eating *trichothecenes* in moldy food. ATA is a hemorrhagic disease, having similar effects as the *Ebola* virus. *Trichothecenes* are extremely stable in heat and resistant to ultraviolet light. Heating to 500° F for 30 minutes or brief exposure to *Sodium Hydroxide* (NaOH), a very strong corrosive base, is required for destruction.


The U.S. Army maintains that since the 1960's *trichothecene mycotoxins* (T2) have been used as a biological warfare toxin by the old Soviet Union and their satellites, Egypt, North Vietnam, Cambodia and Iraq. Aerosolized *trichothecene*, euphemistically known as "yellow rain", was allegedly used to produce lethal and non-lethal casualties in Yemen (1964), Laos (1975-81), Kampuchea (1979-81), Afghanistan (1979-81), Iran-Iraq War (1983-84), and during the Gulf War (1991). It is estimated that there were more than 6,300 deaths in Laos, 1,000 in Kampuchea, and 3,000 in Afghanistan. *Trichothecenes* are known to suppress the immune system, leading to increased susceptibility to infectious diseases. Weaponized *trichothecene mycotoxins* are designed to be between 1 and 5 microns in diameter, just the right size to enter the alveoli in your lungs. *Trichothecenes* are approximately 10 to 500 times more potent than mustard gas in inducing black skin necrosis. The military allure of using "yellow rain" is the deadly effectiveness of it being absorbed through the skin... and by ingestion and by inhalation: a triple threat. Another military advantage of the *trichothecenes* is that they are extremely stable, particularly in dry powder form. They can be stored for years at room temperature with no loss of activity and retain their full potency even after being boiled in water for an hour. To add to our sleepless nights are the current warnings by an Australian watch group listing genetically modified T2 trichothecene toxins.

One of the most commonly identified toxic molds is ***Stachybotrys chartarum***, also known as *Stachybotrys atra*. This mold has a greenish-black color with a white hair-like fringe, is slightly rubbery and generally helps to decompose cellulose products (sugar + starch) with a low nitrogen content such as: paper, books, straw, gypsum drywall paper, wood, ceiling tiles, wallpaper, fiberboard, cardboard, paper, dust and lint. *Stachybotrys* also produces at least 170 known *mycotoxins*. The main one of concern is "*Satratoxin H*", a *trichothecene mycotoxin* typically found in 40% of *Stachybotrys* mold growth. High doses or chronic low doses over 3 to 6 months, are lethal. This toxin causes animals to abort, is believed to alter immune system function and lowers resistance to opportunistic infection. Although *Satratoxin H* is produced only 40% of the time, *Stachybotrys* produces *mycotoxins* 100% of the time. The physical effects of these *Stachybotrys secondary metabolites* can include nose bleeds, vomiting, hair loss, diarrhea, cognitive dysfunction, hearing loss, dermatitis, headaches, excessive fatigue, burning sore throat, flu symptoms and respiratory problems. Inhaling these toxins can cause symptoms ranging from allergies to nasal bleeding, bleeding in the lungs, skin rashes, and a reduced white blood cell count.

Common sense tells one that if weaponized *trichothecene mycotoxins* are lethal, a very low dose is toxic, and many other mycotoxins are *cytotoxic*, then any exposure to these naturally occurring mold toxins can have detrimental health effects. This is why *Stachybotrys* and other toxic molds are in the news.

Now that you are probably concerned about mold stay tuned for the next GMS issue, when we will cover "How does one tell if they have a mold problem?" and "How does one take care of a mold problem?"

*Afterword...This article's information on mold is from two years of reading books & magazines, watching TV specials, speaking with doctors, lawyers & industry people, and surfing the net. Feel free to editorialize.*

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## TechNotes

### *Abdicating Responsibility, Part II*

by Sheldon Wolfe, RA, CSI, CCS, CCA

#### **In the good old days...**

Some 2,000 years ago, Marcus Vitruvius Pollio, Roman architect *and engineer* said that architecture was composed of the triple essence: strength, utility, and aesthetic effect (often seen as "commodity, firmness, and delight"). He also said "An architect should be ingenious, and apt in the acquisition of knowledge. Deficient in either of these qualities, he cannot be a perfect master. He should be a good writer, a skilful draftsman, versed in geometry and optics, expert at figures, acquainted with history, informed on the principles of natural and moral philosophy, somewhat of a musician, not ignorant of the sciences both of law and physic, nor of the motions, laws, and relations to each other, of the heavenly bodies."

The curriculum at my alma mater didn't match up too well with what Marcus had in mind. Even though I don't know what is offered at other schools, I suspect they are similar. High school English, or perhaps another year in college seems to be enough for good writing. The college believed that sketching still lifes and nudes was more valuable than producing working drawings (I know; I was refused permission to substitute a drafting class at a local vo-tech for one of our required art classes). Hard sciences were, well, too hard for architects, so we had only minimal requirements for math and physics, followed by engineering for dummies. We did have a brush with history, but only of the architectural variety. It wasn't until years later that I learned about the social and historical events leading up to and surrounding the Bauhaus movement and Art Deco.

I haven't been around long enough to say from personal experience, but from what I've heard, architects were respected people well into the last century, when they were thought of as "master builders". They knew a lot about the products they used, and how they were to be installed. They probably had hands-on construction experience. And when they visited the project site, the contractors feared the words, "Take it down and do it again - right!" or "Stop the work!"

Those days are gone. Today it's more common for the visiting architect to be ignored, if not sneered at. Owners don't trust architects as they used to; they now feel the need to hire construction managers, owner's representatives, and commissioning agents, each of whom assumes some of the architect's traditional responsibilities.

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## *Abdicating Responsibility, Part III*

### **Giving Away The Store**

Architects have, over the last few decades, given up many of the services they used to perform. This is partly due to the enormously increased complexity of construction and building systems - it is no longer possible for an architect to be familiar with all products - but there has also been a conscious effort to avoid responsibility, to just do the fun stuff. Many schools do not prepare future architects for their jobs; they encourage students in their belief that they will all one day be famous architects. The reality is that few architects do "real design", and the majority of the job for most architects is grunt work. What is it that architects have given up?

#### **Estimating**

One of the owner's most important concerns is the budget, and the owner relies on the architect to come up with a design that can be built with the available funds. Shouldn't an architect know enough about costs to design a building that is within the owner's budget? Unfortunately, many design professionals have little knowledge of construction costs, and owners find that bids vary substantially from estimates. Independent estimating firms now offer their services to owners and architects alike.

#### **Complete Design**

Design must be completely and thoroughly predictive. The design professional must know *in advance* that the completed building - and all of its systems - will satisfy *all* of the owner's needs. Architects spend a great deal of time working on space planning and circulation, but the physical space of a building is only part of the total design. The building must also be able to provide a suitable environment for its occupants; systems should be easily operated and maintained; finishes should be durable, easily maintained, and easily replaceable; and the energy consumption must be within limits established as part of the program.

The architect who concentrates only on spatial and aesthetic qualities, paying little attention to building systems, does the owner a disservice. The result? Unhappy owners. The new buildings look nice, and they may win awards - for the architect. But they don't work. Mechanical systems are noisy and can't be balanced, lights are needlessly bright in some areas but too dark at work surfaces, and security systems can't tell the good guys from the bad guys.

The consequences of the decline of complete design are evident in the growing demand for commissioning. A separate professional is now called on to analyze building systems, project operating costs, and verify correct operation of those building systems before the owner accepts the building as complete.

*Next month: Site services, construction management*

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[swolfe@bwbr.com](mailto:swolfe@bwbr.com), on the web at [www.CSI-MSP.org](http://www.CSI-MSP.org)

## Monthly Program Ideas

### *What Do You Want To See?*

The Vermont Chapter is always looking for suggestions of events, issues, or themes for our monthly seminars. If you have a request, an idea, or would like to offer to host a program, please contact Program Chair Jonathan Miller (contact info on p.4). Come to our September 12<sup>th</sup> Codes program or the September 5<sup>th</sup> monthly Board meeting and share your ideas!

If you want to be a part of the program team and help with one or more...let Jonathan know !

## CSI Executive Director Resigns

Greg Balestrero, CSI, has accepted a position as CEO of the Project Management Institute (PMI) starting in early November, and will resign his CSI position after serving out his contract conditions.

Greg became CSI's Executive Director at a challenging time. CSI leaders have learned valuable lessons during his tenure. During his nearly eight years with CSI, he has exercised strong leadership and worked to seize the opportunity in every challenge. His energy, creativity and exceptional communication skills will be missed. Greg has exercised visionary leadership and been a rudder of consistency for those Presidents whom he has served.

In the meantime the Board and Institute President Phil McDade will draft a transition plan, and appoint an interim executive director.

## Hey! We Need A Logo!

This is the logo that the Vermont Chapter CSI currently uses (also shown in the upper left-hand corner of the first page of every Green Mountain Specifier):



A little tired and/or ordinary, no ? Therefore we are soliciting entries and ideas for a new logo, and there is a prize reward for the best one.

The only requirement is that the CSI shield be included somewhere in the logo. For printing purposes it should be possible to print the logo in black and white. Any text should still be legible when reduced to roughly the size of the current logo above.

Other than that, everything else is fair game. Use the outline of the state, a profile of Camel's Hump (a la the Vermont quarter), or anything else symbolic of the state or its construction industry.

If you have any graphic design ideas for a new and improved logo, contact Jonathan Miller or Chris Eling (see page 4 for contact information).

As a chapter, Vermont CSI is growing rapidly (just look at our consecutive Chapter Cup awards), and is becoming more and more valuable to the construction community at large. Help us put our best foot forward.

Contact Chris Eling or Jonathan Miller – see contact information on page 4.

## Request for Volunteers

We are always looking for a few good people to take some of the burden from overextended members. Can you spare a couple hours a month to help run our chapter? Every bit of contributed effort can help.

### WHY ARE WE HERE?

**The Construction Specifications Institute's core purpose is:  
To improve the process of creating and sustaining the built environment.**



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### EDITORIAL POLICY:

The Green Mountain Specifier is published as the official newsletter of the Vermont Chapter of the Construction Specifications Institute. Neither the Editor nor the Chapter assumes responsibility for any alleged errors, and opinions stated are not necessarily those of the Editor, the Chapter's members or leadership, or the Institute.

Contributions to the newsletter are welcome, and should be submitted to the editor by the 24<sup>th</sup> of the month in order to be included in the next issue. Contributions may need to be edited for, among other things, clarity, filesize, and length.



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## 2002-03 Vermont Chapter CSI Events

- May 22, 2002**    The Physics of Wall Design  
Leonard Anastasi, *Lennel Specialties Corp.*
- June 6**            CSI Awards Banquet  
Chapter Awards Banquet at Basin Harbor Club
- July 18**            “Physics of Wall Design - Reprise”  
Panel Presentation with Len Anastasi, Scott Walker, Chas McLaughlin, Matt Lillis, PE of BED & William Alexander ‘Sandy’ Fead
- August 15**        “Division 1 Specifications Workshop”  
Adam F. Bortz, CSI, CCS, SCIP
- September 12**    “Building Codes 2002”  
Robert Howe, State Fire Marshal  
*Dept. of Labor & Industry*  
11:00am-2:00pm at the Burlington Sheraton
- Sept. 19-22**      Northeast Region CSI Conference  
Hosted by the “Rhowdy Rhodies” of the Rhode Island Chapter CSI in Providence, RI
- October 17**      “Mold & Indoor Air Quality”  
Jeff Hood, CSC, *Icynene Insulation Systems*  
11:00am-2:00pm at the Burlington Radisson
- November 14**    “Stone - Design, Detailing & Specifications”  
Gene Pawlikowski, CSI  
11:00am-2:00pm at the Burlington Sheraton
- December 5**     “Countertops - PLam and Solid Surfaces”  
Steve Benjamin, CSI  
11:00am-2:00pm at the Burlington Sheraton
- January 16, 2003** “Design-Build”  
Sandy Fead & Panel Discussion  
11:00am-2:00pm at the Burlington Sheraton
- February**        “Building Solutions 2003”
- March 13**        Chapter Annual Meeting & Forum
- April 10**        “Green Architecture & Specifications”
- May 8**            “Physics of Roof Design”
- June 5**            “Chapter Awards Banquet”  
at Basin Harbor Club

## **New Members Welcome !**

The Vermont Chapter CSI welcomes the following new 2001-2002 members:

### August 2002

**10 New Members!**

Ms. Mary Tousignant, CSI  
Granite Importers  
Mr. Shawn Kelly, CSI  
Vermont Brick

### June 2002

Ms. Leigh-Ann Gentry, CSI  
FAHC Facilities Planning & Development

### May 2002

Mr. Russ Colvin, CSI  
Construction Management Consultant  
Mr. Bruce Anderson, CSI, CDT, AIA  
Morris Switzer & Associates  
Mr. Bond Worthington  
Vermont Technical College – Student

### April 2002

Mr. Jim Muka, CSI  
Lynx Windows and Doors (Eagle)

### March 2002

Mr. Bob Pustis, CSI  
Holophane Lighting

### February 2002

Mr. Ev Howard, CSI  
Pizzagalli Construction

### January 2002

Mr. David Shippey, CSI  
Duncan Galvanizing

## **Interested in Joining CSI ?**

Contact any of the chapter officers and we will put you on the road that can connect you to the rest of the construction industry and explain the benefits of chapter membership. Please check out the institute’s website at [www.csinet.org](http://www.csinet.org) and the region’s website at [www.neregioncsi.org](http://www.neregioncsi.org) for information, links and much more.

Take advantage of the institute’s program to reward each new member that another member sponsors with a \$25 CSI Buck Certificate. CSI Bucks are applicable to any institute publication or event. Contact Membership Chairman, Jonathan Miller, for more information.

And remember that new VT Chapter members attend their first program free of charge, and all members get reduced rates on nearly all of our programs...